

Expedition
«Studying of soil fauna of Primorsky Krai of the Far East»
August 2-14, 2017

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The purpose of scientific work: to study the structure of the diversity of the communities of collembola and earthworms in the forests of the Primorye Territory

Places of researching: the Ussuri Nature Reserve, the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve and their surroundings.

Types of forests for quantitative counts of soil invertebrates:

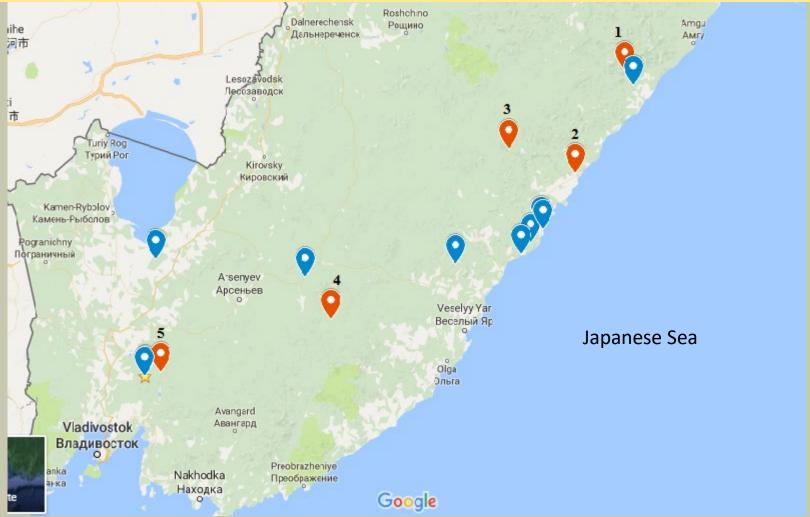
- 1. Valley mixed forest. Primorsky Krai, Terneysky District, the surroundings of the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve.
- 2. Oakery forest with hazel. Primorsky Krai, Terneysky District, the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve.
- 3. Spruce-fir forest with Rhododendron fauriei. Primorsky Krai, Terneysky District, the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve.
- 4. Valley mixed forest. Primorsky Krai, Chuguevsky District, the Upper–Ussuri station FSC.
- 5. Valley broad-leaf-cedar forest. Primorsky Krai, Shkotovsky District, Ussuri Nature Reserve.

The valley mixed tall- and low-herb forests and oakery with hazel are typical in the Primorsky Territory. Dark coniferous forests with Rhododendron fauriei and boreal ground cover are rare and unique forest communities.

Research methods

- •To study the spatial distribution of collembola and quantify them in each type of forest, a series of litter and soil samples were taken using a fractal design (81 samples in each series, total 405 samples).
- •To the purpose of faunistic researching of collembola were taken 24 samples (volume 1 liter) of different substrates (litter, rotten wood, moss from trees and stones) and 22 manual collections were carried out by an exhauster in different habitats.
- •To study the vertical distribution of collembola in the soil was taken a series of samples of soil in the Ussuri Nature Reserve.
- •The flotation method was used to compile faunistic material on the diversity of the collembola on the littoral of the Sea of Japan.
- •Quantitative counts of earthworms were made in the oakery forest with hazel in the Sikhote-Alinsky Nature Reserve and in valley broad-leaf-cedar forest in the Ussuri Nature Reserve. A total 56 soil samples (10x10x15cm) were taken.
- •Faunistic counts of earthworms were carried out in all surveyed forest types and additional route points were made in wet habitats (wetland, litter, deadwood).

The map-scheme of trial areas and accounting points of collembola and earthworms



The orange marker indicates trial areas for quantitative accounting of the spatial distribution of the collembola (1-5) and earthworms (2, 5); Blue - the points of faunistic counts of collembola and earthworms.

Field researchers



Valley mixed forest

Primorsky Krai, Terneysky District, the surroundings of the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve, the valley of the river Brusnichnaya (the tributary of the Kema river)



Philadelphus tenuifolius, Acer mono, Acer tegmentosum

Leptorumohra amurensis, Cimicifuga simplex

5-7 cm.

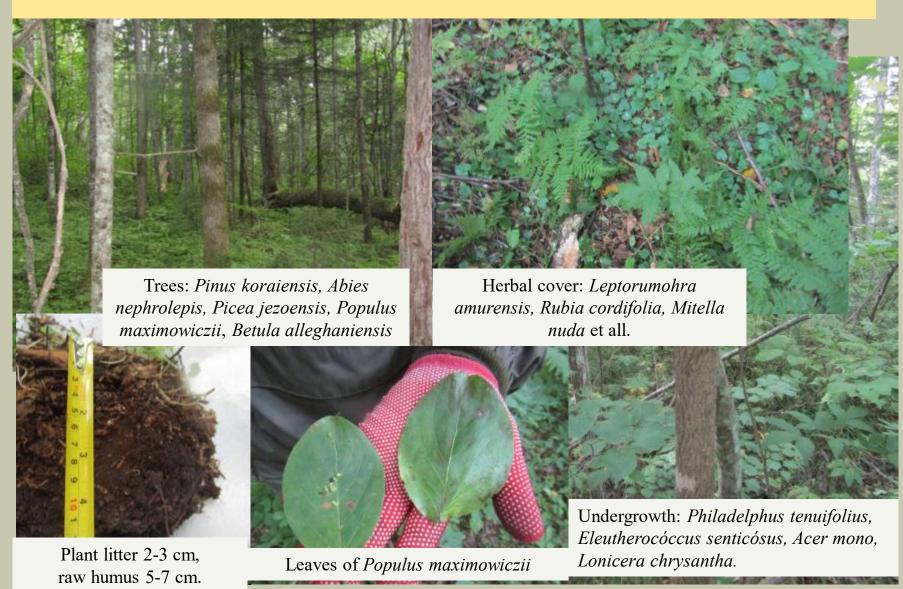
Oakery forest with hazel

Primorsky Krai, Terneysky District, the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve, cordon Blagodatny



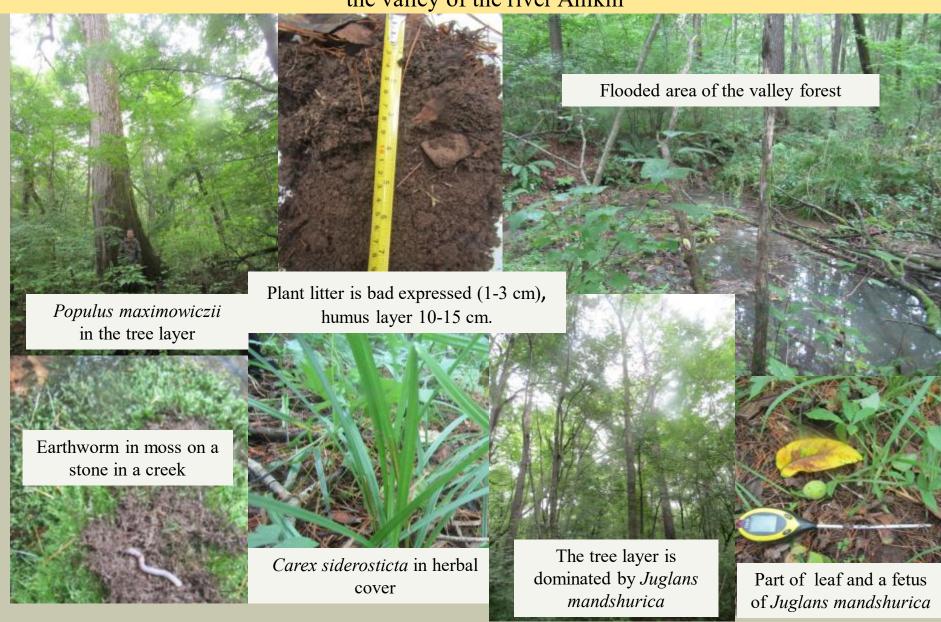
Valley mixed forest

Primorsky Krai, Chuguevsky District, the Upper–Ussuri station FSC.



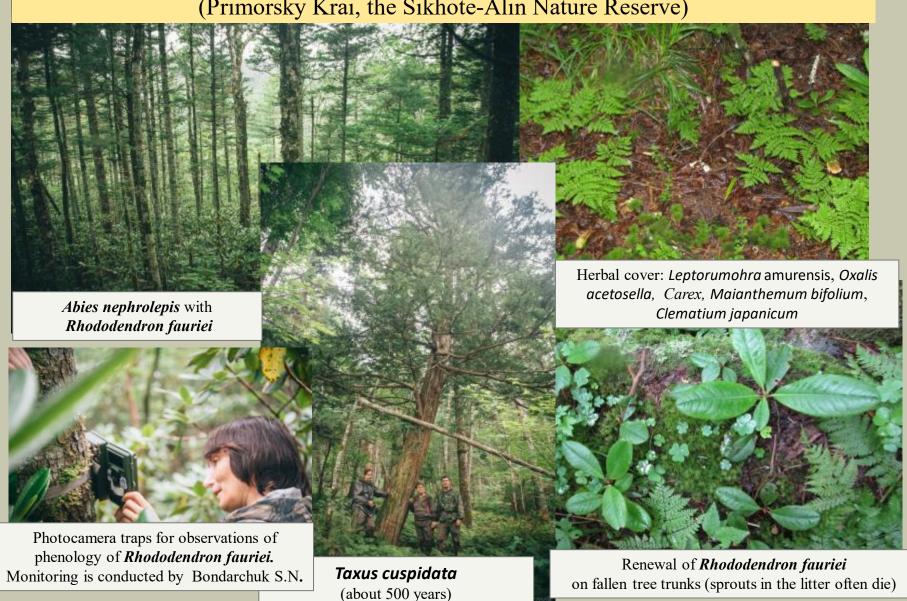
Valley broad-leaf-cedar forest

Primorsky Krai, Shkotovsky District, Ussuri Nature Reserve, the valley of the river Anikin

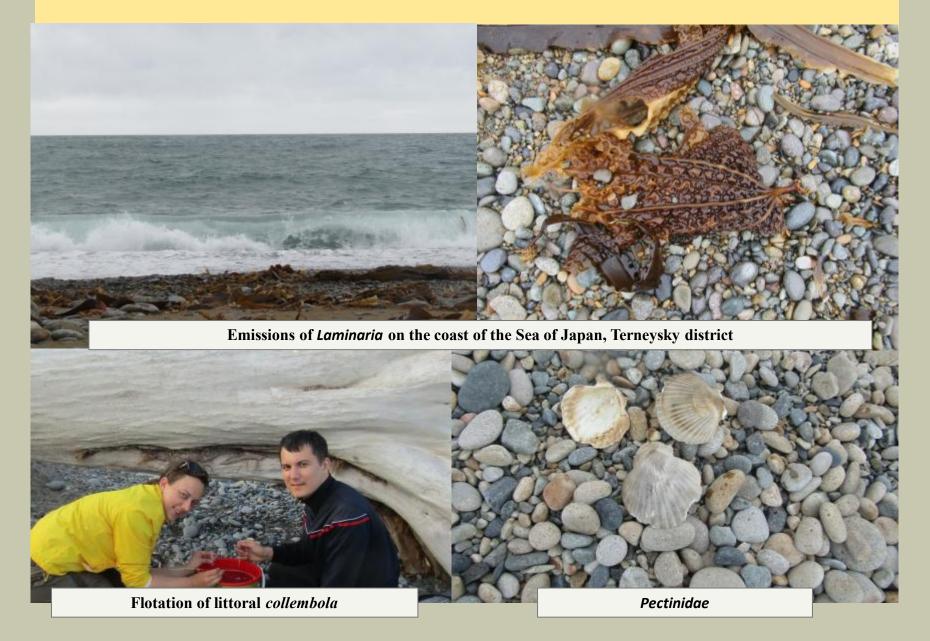


Unique forests of Primorye Territory:

dark coniferous forests with evergreen *Rhododendron fauriei* and *Taxus cuspidata* (Primorsky Krai, the Sikhote-Alin Nature Reserve)



Life in the intertidal zone



Animal world of Primorye Territory



Rare plants and mushrooms of the Primorye Territory





Consultations in geobotanical descriptions: Bondarchuk S.N.

Photographs: Geraskina A., Naumenko R.

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